

# SPECIFICATION AGM 1602M-203

## **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Version	DATE	DESCRIPTION	CHANGED BY
00	Jul-11-2015	First issue	

## **CONTENTS**

1. Functions & Features	1
2. Mechanical specifications	1
3. Block diagram	1
4. Dimensional Outline	2
5. Pin description	3
6. Maximum absolute limit	3
7. Electrical characteristics	3
8. Timing characteristics	4
9. Electro-Optical characteristics	5
10. Backlight Characteristics	6
11. Control and display command	7
12. Font characteristic	8
13. Precaution for using LCD/LCM	9
14. LCM test criteria	11

#### 1. FUNCTIONS & FEATURES

1.1. Format : 16x2 characters

1.2. LCD mode : STN/Positive/Transflective/Yellow-Green

1.3. Viewing direction : 6 O'clock

1.4. Driving scheme : 1/16 Duty cycle, 1/5 Bias

1.5. Power supply voltage  $(V_{DD})$  : 5.0V

1.6. LCD driving voltage : 4.8V (Reference voltage)

1.7. Operation temp : -20~70°C 1.8. Storage temp : -30~80°C

1.9. Backlight color : Array, Yellow-Green

1.10.RoHS Standard

#### 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.1. Module size : 84.0mm(L)\*44.0mm(W)\*14.0mm (H) max

 2.2. Viewing area
 : 62.0mm(L)\*18.0mm(W)

 2.3. Character pitch
 : 3.55mm(L)\*5.95mm(W)

 2.4. Character size
 : 2.95mm(L)\*5.55mm(W)

 2.5. Dot pitch
 : 0.60mm(L)\*0.70mm(W)

 2.6. Dot size
 : 0.55mm(L)\*0.65mm(W)

2.7. Weight : Approx.

#### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

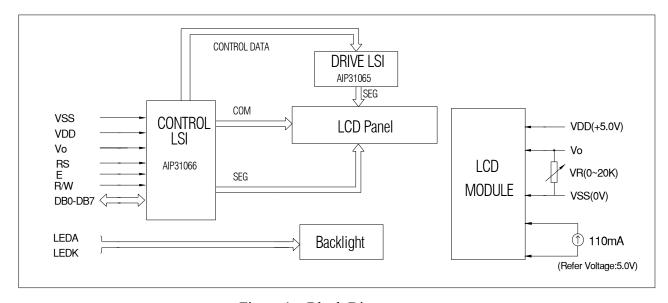


Figure 1. Block Diagram

## **4. DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE**

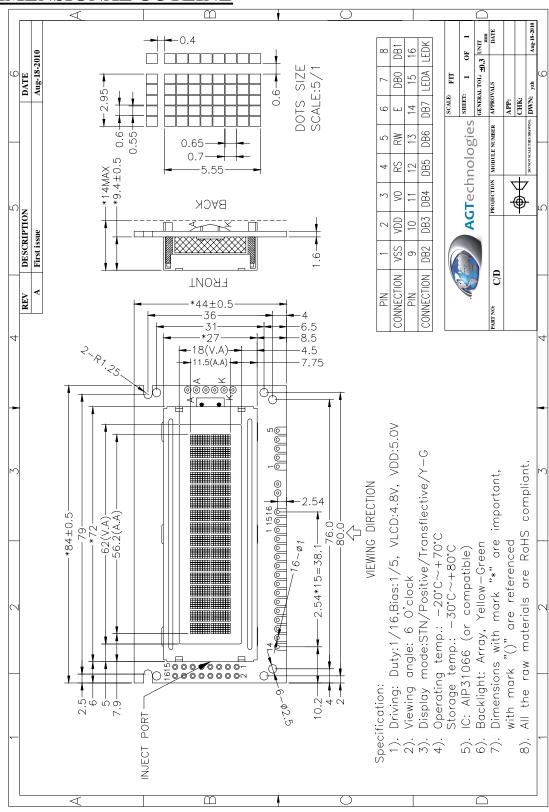


Figure 2. Dimensional Outline

## **5. PIN DESCRIPTION**

No.	Symbol	Function
1	VSS	GND(0V)
2	VDD	Power supply(+5.0V)
3	V0	Supply voltage for LCD
4	RS	Register selection. (H: Data register L: Instruction register)
5	R/W	Read /write selection. (H: Read L: write)
6	Е	Enable signal for chip
7~14	DB0~DB7	Data bus line
15	LEDA	Power supply for backlight (110mA/25°C; Refer Voltaeg:5.0V)
16	LEDK	Power supply for backlight(-)

## 6. MAXIMUM ABSOLUTE LIMIT

Item	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	$ m V_{DD}$	-0.3	7.0	V
Supply Voltage for LCD	V0	Vdd-10.0	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Supply Current for Backlight	$I_F(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$		132	mA
Reverse Voltage for Backlight	$V_R(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$		10.0	V
Operating Temperature	Тор	-20	70	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

## 7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	V <sub>DD</sub> -V <sub>SS</sub>	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Input High Voltage	VIH	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$	2.2		$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	Ta = 25°C	-0.3		0.6	V
Output High Voltage	Voh	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$	2.4			V
Output Low Voltage	Vol	Ta = 25°C			0.4	V
Supply Current	Idd	Ta = 25°C		3	5	mA

## **8. TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

Mode	Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	E Cycle Time	tc	500	-	-	
	E Rise / Fall Time	t <sub>R</sub> ,t <sub>F</sub>	-	-	20	
	E Pulse Width (High, Low)	t <sub>w</sub>	230	-	-	
Write Mode (Refer to Fig-1)	R/W and RS Setup Time	t <sub>su1</sub>	40	-	-	ns
(reservering 1)	R/W and RS Hold Time	t <sub>H1</sub>	10	-	-	
	Data Setup Time	t <sub>su2</sub>	80	-	-	
	Data Hold Time	t <sub>H2</sub>	10	-	-	

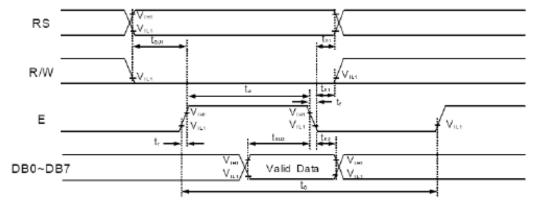


Figure 1 . Write Mode Timing Diagram

			_			
Mode	Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	E Cycle Time	t <sub>c</sub>	500	-	-	
	E Rise / Fall Time	t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub>	-	-	20	
	E Pulse Width (High, Low)	t <sub>w</sub>	230	-	-	
Read Mode (Refer to Fig-2)	R/W and RS Setup Time	t <sub>su</sub>	40	-	-	ns
(recitiving 2)	R/W and RS Hold Time	tн	10	-	-	
	Data Output Delay Time	t₀	-	-	120	
	Data Hold Time	t <sub>DH</sub>	5	-	-	

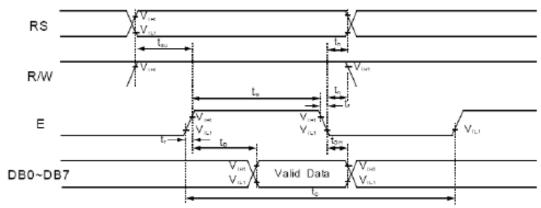


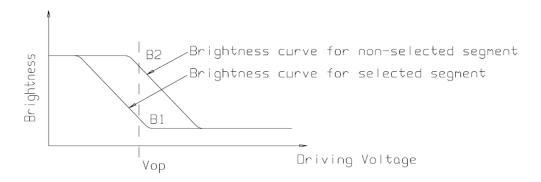
Figure 2 . Read Mode Timing Diagram

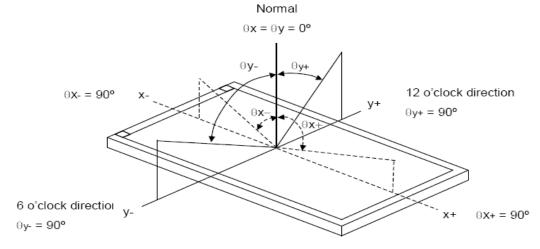
## 9.ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Voltage	Vop	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$	4.0	4.2	4.4	V
Response time	Tr	Ta = 25°C		150		ms
Response time	Tf	1a – 25 C		110		ms
Contrast	Cr	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ $\theta x = \theta y = 0$		4.5		
	θx-			35		deg
Viewing angle range	$\theta_{X}+$	Cr≥2		35		deg
viewing angle lange	θу-	C1 <u>~</u> 2		40		deg
	θу+			40		deg

Brightness of non-selected segment(B2)

Cr= Brightness of selected segment(B1)





## 10.BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=110mA	4.0	4.2	4.4	V		
Reverse Current	IR	Vr=10V		110	550	uA		
Luminous Intensity (Without LCD)	Lv	IF=110mA		200		Cd/m <sup>2</sup>		
Peak Wave Lengh(Without LCD)	λр	IF=110mA	564	570	576	nm		
Color	Yellow-Green							

#### Note:

when the temperature exceed  $25^{\circ}$ C, the approved current decrease rate for backlight change as the temperature increase is:  $-0.36x11\text{mA}/^{\circ}$ C based on the maximum absolute limiting current of the backlight,to make sure the backlight current<=min[110mA, 20\*11-0.36\*11\*(Ta-25)mA] (below  $25^{\circ}$ C, the current refer to constant, which would not change with temperature ).

## 11. CONTROL AND DISPLAY INSTRUCTION

Instruction				Inst	ructi	on C	ode				Description	Execution time (fosc=
mistruction .	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		270 kHz)
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.53 ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	Set DDRAM address to '00H' from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.53 ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH	Assign cursor moving direction and enable the shift of entire display.	39 μs
Display ON/ OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	D	1	D	С	В	Set display(D), cursor(C), and blinking of cursor(B) on/off control bit.	39 μs
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	-	-	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing of DDRAM data.	39 µs
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	-	-	Set interface data length (DL: 8-bit/4-bit), numbers of display line (N: 2-line/1-line) and, display font type (F:5×11dots/5×8 dots)	39 μs
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AG4	AC3	AG2	AC1	AC0	Set CGRAM address in address counter.	39 µs
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AG4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set DDRAM address in address counter.	39 μs
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	0 μs
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43 μs
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43 μs

\* "-": dont care

NOTE: When an MPU program with checking the Busy Flag(DB7) is made, it must be necessary 1/2Fosc is necessary for executing the next instruction by the falling edge of the 'E' signal after the Busy Flag (DB7) goes to "Low".

## 12. FONT CHARACTERISTIC

UNI		AI	AC			111	_									
Upper 4 bit Lower 4 bit	ш	штн	LLHL	LIHH	LHLL	ГНГН	LHHL	снин	HILL	ншн	HLHL	нин	нни	нж.н	нянь	ннни
LLLL				Ø	Ð	P		F					9		œ	þ
LLIH				1	A		3	-			-	ľ	7	ď,		
LLHI			11	2	В	R	b	r				ď	W	×	B	
LEHH			Ħ				c.	5				ņ	Ŧ	Ħ		00
LHLL			\$	4	D	I	d	t.				Ι	ŀ	h		Ç,
LHLH			X	٥	E		e	L.I				7	7	1	Œ	
CHHI			8.	6	F	U	f	W			7	Ħ			ø	Ξ
снин				T	G	W	9	W			7	Ŧ	X	Ð		Ħ
HLLL			£	8	H	×	h	×						IJ		1
HLLH			þ	9	I	¥		ш				T	J	II.		
HLH1.			*		J	Z	j	×			Ŧ		m	Į,	j	Ŧ
нгни					K	I	k	K			Ħ	Ħ			×	Ħ
HHLL				ď	L	¥	1	I			•		7	ņ	đ.	H
ннлн					M	1	m	ŀ			1	X	*		Ł	
нниг					H	•	m	*			=	Ľ	đ,		H	
нннн					0		•	Ħ			•		¥			

#### 13. PRECAUTION FOR USING LCD/LCM

LCD/LCM is assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Do not attempt to make any alteration or modification. The followings should be noted.

#### **General Precautions:**

- 1. LCD panel is made of glass. Avoid excessive mechanical shock or applying strong pressure onto the surface of display area.
- 2. The polarizer used on the display surface is easily scratched and damaged. Extreme care should be taken when handling. To clean dust or dirt off the display surface, wipe gently with cotton, or other soft material soaked with isoproply alcohol, ethyl alcohol or trichlorotriflorothane, do not use water, ketone or aromatics and never scrub hard.
- 3. Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
- 4. Do not make any modification on the PCB without consulting AGT.
- 5. When mounting a LCM, make sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.
- 6. Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels and also cause rainbow on the display.
- 7. Be careful not to touch or swallow liquid crystal that might leak from a damaged cell. Any liquid crystal adheres to skin or clothes, wash it off immediately with soap and water.

#### **Static Electricity Precautions:**

- 1. CMOS-LSI is used for the module circuit; therefore operators should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the module.
- 2. Do not touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.
- 3. Do not touch the connection terminals of the display with bare hand; it will cause disconnection or defective insulation of terminals.
- 4. The modules should be kept in anti-static bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.
- 5. Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.
- 6. If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be grounded and shielded to prevent sparks.
- 7. The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches.
- 8. Since dry air is inductive to static, a relative humidity of 50-60% is recommended.

#### **Soldering Precautions:**

- 1. Soldering should be performed only on the I/O terminals.
- 2. Use soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
- 3. Soldering temperature: 270~300°C
- 4. Soldering time: 2 to 3 second.
- 5. Use eutectic solder with resin flux filling.
- 6. If flux is used, the LCD surface should be protected to avoid spattering flux.
- 7. Flux residue should be removed.

#### **Operation Precautions:**

- 1. The viewing angle can be adjusted by varying the LCD driving voltage Vo.
- 2. Since applied DC voltage causes electro-chemical reactions, which deteriorate the display, the applied pulse waveform should be a symmetric waveform such that no DC component remains. Be sure to use the specified operating voltage.
- 3. Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage will shorten display life.
- 4. Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
- 5. Display color may be affected at temperatures above its operational range.
- 6. Keep the temperature within the specified range usage and storage. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarization degradation, polarizer peel-off or generate bubbles.
- 7. For long-term storage over 40°C is required, the relative humidity should be kept below 60%, and avoid direct sunlight.

#### **Limited Warranty**

AGT LCDs and modules are not consumer products, but may be incorporated by AGT s customers into consumer products or components thereof, AGT loes not warrant that its LCDs and components are fit for any such particular purpose.

- 1. The liability of AGT is limited to repair or replacement on the terms set forth below. AGT will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events or injury or damage to any personnel or user including third party personnel and/or user. Unless otherwise agreed in writing between AGT and the customer, AGT will only replace or repair any of its LCD which is found defective electrically or visually when inspected in accordance with AGT general LCD inspection standard. (Copies available on request)
- 2. No warranty can be granted if any of the precautions state in handling liquid crystal display above has been disregarded. Broken glass, scratches on polarizer mechanical damages as well as defects that are caused accelerated environment tests are excluded from warranty.
- 3. In returning the LCD/LCM, they must be properly packaged; there should be detailed description of the failures or defect.

## 14. LCM test criteria

#### 1. Objective

The LCM test criteria are set to formalize AGT's LCM quality standards with reference to those of the customer for inspection, release and acceptance of finished LCM products in order to guarantee the quality required by the customer.

#### 2. Scope

The criteria are applicable to all the LCM products manufactured by AGT, either supplied alone or embedded in or integrated with other components.

#### 3. Inspection Apparatuses

Function testers, vernier calipers, microscopes, magnifiers, ESD wrist straps, finger cots, labels, ovens for high-low temperature tests, refrigerators, constant voltage power supply (DC), desk lamps, etc.

#### 4. Sampling Plan and Reference Standards

4.1.1 According to GB/T 2828.1---2003/ISO2859-1:1999, single sampling under formal inspection and the general inspection level II applies.

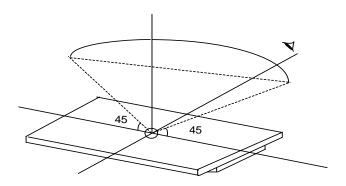
Item of Inspection	Sampling Rate	AQL Assessment			
Cosmetic	II Single Sampling	MA=0.4 MI=1.5			
Mechanical	N=3	C=0			
Functional	II Single Sampling	MA=0.4 MI=1.5			

- 4.1.2 GB/T 2828.1---2003/ISO2859-1:1999, sampling procedures and tables for batch inspection.
- 4.1.3 GB/T 1619.96 Test Methods for TN LCD.
- 4.1.4 GB/T 12848.91 General Specifications for STN LCD.
- 4.1.5 GB2421-89 Basic Environmental Test Procedures for Electrical and Electronic Products
- 4.1.6 IPC-A-610C Acceptance Condition for Electrical Assemblies.

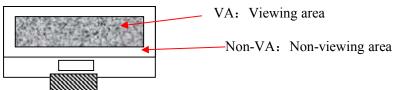
#### 5. Inspection Conditions and Inspection Reference

5.1 Cosmetic inspection: shall be done normally at 25±5°C of the ambient temperature and 45±20%RH of relative humidity, under the ambient luminance greater than 300cd/cm² and at the distance of 30cm apart between the inspector's eyes and the LCD panel and normally in reflected light. For back-lit LCMs, cosmetic inspection shall be done under the ambient luminance less than 100cd/cm² with the backlight on.

5.2 The LCM shall be tested at the angle of  $45^{\circ}$ , left and right, and  $0-45^{\circ}$ , top and bottom (for STN LCM, at  $20^{\circ}-55^{\circ}$ ).



#### 5.3 Definition of VA



- 5.4 Inspection with naked eyes (exclusive of the inspection of the physical dimensions of defects carried out with magnifiers).
- 5.5 Electrical properties

Inspection with the test jigs against the product specifications or drawings; display contents and parameters shall conform to those of the product specifications and the display effect to the sample.

- 5.5.1 Test voltage (V):
- 5.5.1.1 (Determined) according to the operating instruction of test jigs assuming the external circuit can be adjusted unless the customer otherwise specifies driving voltage(s). (Display) effects are controlled within the specified range of voltage variation (If no specific requirements, display effects are controlled at Vop = 9V or Vop ±0.3V when Vop is below 9V; if Vop is above 9V, display effects are controlled at Vop ±0.3% at least). For display products with the customer-specified fixed Vop, display effects are controlled by adjusting the internal circuit; if necessary, acceptable limit samples shall be built.
- 5.5.2 Current Consumption (I): refer to approved product specifications or drawings.

#### **6. Defects and Acceptance Standards**

- 6.1 Dimensions: the outline dimensions and the dimensions that could influence the assembly at the customer's side shall conform to those on the approved drawings.
- 6.2 Main Defects Functionality Tests:

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Acceptance Criteria
6.2.1	Missing Segments	Missing segments or dots caused by broken contact(s), loose connection or an internal open circuit.	<b>√</b>		Rejected
6.2.3	No display /Inaction	No segments, icons or graphics are displayed when the LCM is connected correctly.	1		Rejected
6.2.4	Mis-Display	Display pattern is deformed or jumbled-up under the normal scanning procedure.	<b>V</b>		Rejected
6.2.5	Wrong viewing angle	When powered up, the viewing angle at which the display is at its clearest is different from the required viewing angle or that of the approved samples.)	<b>V</b>		Rejected
6.2.6	Dim or Dark Display	Overall contrast is either too dark or too dim under normal operation.	V		If out of the voltage tolerance, Rejected
6.2.7	Slow response	Local response time varies when LCM is turned on or off.	√		Rejected
6.2.8	Extra segments, rows, or columns	Icons, traces, rows or columns that should not appear on the LCD screen and caused by LCD panel misalignment or insufficient corrosion.		<b>V</b>	Refer to dot/line standard
6.2.9	Dim segment	Under the normal voltage, the contrast of vertical and horizontal segments is uneven.		√	Reject or refer to samples
6.2.10	PI black/white spots	Partial black and white spots visible when changing display contents due to defective PI layer.		<b>V</b>	refer to the spot/line criteria for the visible spots when display image remains still; others OK.
6.2.11	pinhole/white	Deformed patterns appearing when		√	refer to

	spots	LCD is turned on caused by missing ITO.		spot/line standard
		d = (X+Y)/2		
6.2.12	Pattern distortion	Segment is either wider, narrower or deformed than the specified, caused by panel misalignment, resulting in unwanted heave(s) or missing:  Ia-Ib ≤1/4W(W is the normal width)	V	Acceptable  Ia-Ib >1/4W, rejected
6.2.13	High current	LCM current is larger than the designed value.	$\sqrt{}$	Rejected

#### 6.3 LCD Visual Defects

#### 6.3.1 Spot defect (defined within VA, spots out of VA do not count.)

Defect	Average diameter (d)	Acceptable quantity	MAJ	MIN
Spot defect	d≤0.2	3		
(black spot, foreign matter,	0.2 <d≤0.25< td=""><td>2</td><td></td><td></td></d≤0.25<>	2		
nick, scratches, including LC mis-orientation.)	0.25 <d≤0.30< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td>, i</td></d≤0.30<>	1		, i

#### 6.3.2 Line defects (defined within VA; those out of VA do not count.)

Defect	Length(L)	Width(W)	Acceptable quantity	MAJ	MIN
line defects (scratches, linear	≤5.0	≤0.02	3		
foreign matter)	≤3.0	≤0.03	3		ما
	≤3.0	≤0.05	1		V

note: 1.If the width is bigger than 0.1mm, it shall be treated as spot defect.

#### 6.3.3 Polarizer air bubble (defined within VA; those out of VA do not count.)

Average diameter (d)	Acceptable quantity	MAJ	MIN
d≤0.3	3		
0.3 <d≤0.5< td=""><td>2</td><td></td><td><math>\sqrt{}</math></td></d≤0.5<>	2		$\sqrt{}$
0.5 <d≤0.8< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td></td></d≤0.8<>	1		
	(d) d≤0.3 0.3 <d≤0.5< td=""><td>(d)     quantity       d≤0.3     3       0.3     2</td><td>(d) quantity MAJ  d≤0.3 3  0.3<d≤0.5 2<="" td=""></d≤0.5></td></d≤0.5<>	(d)     quantity       d≤0.3     3       0.3     2	(d) quantity MAJ  d≤0.3 3  0.3 <d≤0.5 2<="" td=""></d≤0.5>

6.3.4 Glass Damages (for LCMs without bezels and whose LCD edges exposed and for LCMs with bezels, including COG and H/S LCMs)

No.	Item	Acceptance Standard		MAJ	MIN
	Chin on lood		(mm)		
	Chip on lead	X	≤1/8L		
		Y	≤1/3W		$\sqrt{}$
6.3.4.1	Z	Z	≤1/2t		
		Acceptable quantity	2		
	· ×	When Y≤0.2 neither on lear max, it doesn	mm, the length of and nor through, who is a count.	X doesn't cou en X≤1/10L,	nt; for chip Y≤1/2W
	shin an assuran(ITO load)		(mm)	MAJ	MIN
	chip on corner(ITO lead)	X	Not entering into frame and		
6.3.4.2		Y	not contacting with conductive position		<b>√</b>
		Z	≤t		
	z · · · · · · ·	Acceptable Quantity	2		
		For chips on of the frame	corners, refer to 6. epoxy. For chips	3.4.3 and they on lead, refer	must be out to 6.3.4.1
	Chip on sealed area (outer chip)		(mm)	MAJ	MIN
		X	≤1/8 L		
		Y	≤1/2H		
6.3.4.3	<u>\</u>	Z	≤ 1/2t		V
		Accept numbers	2		
	z	the standard contact pad l	for inner chip on s for outer. For chip edge, refer to 6.3.4 ct pad ledge for the	on the reverse .1 for chip on	of ITO

Notes: T=Glass Thickness, L=Length, H=Distance between LCD Edge to Inside Edge of LCD Frame Epoxy and W=Width of Contact Pad Ledge.

6 3 5 Others

#### 6.3.5 Others

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Acceptance standard
6.3.5.1	Newton Ring /Background color	More than one color on the same LCD panel or different colors on different LCDs from the same batch.		V	Reject or refer to limit sample
6.3.5.2	LC Leakage	/	$\sqrt{}$		Rejected
6.3.5.3	Missing protective film	/		<b>V</b>	Rejected

## 6.4 Backlight

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Accept standard
6.4.1	Backlight not working, wrong color	/	V		Rejected
6.4.2	Color deviation	When powered on, the LCD color differs from that of the sample and is found after testing not conforming to the drawing.		V	Refer to sample and drawing
6.4.3	Brightness deviation	When powered on, the LCD brightness differs from that of the sample and is found after testing not conforming to the drawing; or if conforming to the drawing but over±30%.		V	Refer to sample and drawing
6.4.4	Uneven brightness	When powered on, the LCD brightness is uneven on the same LCD and out of the specification of the drawing.		V	Refer to sample and drawing
6.4.5	Spot/line scratch	Appearance of spot or line scratches on the LCD when turned on.		V	Refer to 6.3.1/6.3.2

#### 6.5 Metal frame (Metal Bezel)

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Accept standard
6.5.1	Material/sur face treatment	Metal frame/surface treatment do not conform to the specifications.	V		Rejected
6.5.2	Tab twist inconformit y/ Tab not twisted	Wrong twist method or direction and twist tabs are not twisted as required.	$\sqrt{}$		Rejected
6.5.3	Oxidization, chapped paint, discoloratio n, dents, and scratches	Oxidation on the surface of the metal bezel; the quantity of spot defect (chapped front surface paint and substrate-exposing scratches) ≤0.8mm exceeds 3; the quantity of linear defects with the length ≤5.0mm and width ≤0.05mm exceeds 2; the quantity of spot defect (front dent, bubble, side surface chapped paint and substrate-exposing scratches)≤1.0mm exceeds 3; the quantity of linear defects with the width ≤0.05mm exceeds 3.		V	Rejected
6.5.4	Burr	Burr(s) on metal bezel is so long as to get into viewing area.		√	Rejected

## 6.6 PCB/COB

	No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Accept standard
--	-----	------	-------------	-----	-----	-----------------

6.6.1	Improper Epoxy Cover	<ol> <li>Contacts exposure within the white circle for COB chip bonding.</li> <li>The height of epoxy cover is out of the product specifications and drawing.</li> <li>The epoxy cover over the COB chip exceeds the circle by more than 2mm in diameter, which is the maximum distance the epoxy cover is allowed to exceed the circle.</li> <li>Existence of obvious linear mark(s) or chip-exposing pinhole on the epoxy cover.</li> <li>The pinhole diameter on the epoxy over exceeds 0.25mm and there is foreign matter in the pinhole.</li> </ol>		 Rejected
6.6.2	PCB cosmetic defect	<ol> <li>Oxidized or contaminated gold fingers on PCB.</li> <li>Bubbles on PCB after reflow-soldering.</li> <li>Exposure of conductive copper foil caused by chapped or scratched solder-resist coating.         For the conductive area of PCB repaired with the solder resist coating material, the diameter ψof the repaired area on the circuit must not exceed 1.3mm while for the non-conductive area of PCB repaired with the solder resist coating material, the diameterψ must not exceed 2.6mm; the total number of repaired areas on PCB must be less than 10; otherwise, the PCB must be rejected.</li> </ol>		 Rejected
6.6.3	Wrong or missing Components on PCB	<ol> <li>Components on PCB are not the same as defined by drawing such as wrong, excessive, missing, or mis-polarized components. (The bias circuit of LCD voltage or the backlight current limiting resistance is not adjusted unless specified by the customer.)</li> <li>The JUMP short on PCB shall conform to the mechanical drawing. If excessive or missing soldering occurs, the PCB shall be rejected.</li> <li>For components particularly required by the customer and specified in the mechanical drawing and/or component specifications, their specifications must</li> </ol>	<b>V</b>	Rejected

conform to those of the suppliers; otherwise they shall be rejected.	

## 6.7 SMT (Refer to IPC-A-610C if not specified)

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Accept standard
6.7.1	Soldering solder defects	Cold, false and missing soldering, solder crack and insufficient solder dissolution.		1	Rejected
6.7.2	Solder ball/splash	Solder ball/tin dross causing short at the solder point.		<b>√</b>	Rejected
6.7.3	DIP parts	Floated or tilted DIP parts, keypad, connectors.		$\sqrt{}$	Rejected
6.7.4	Solder shape	The welded spot should be concave and excessive or insufficient solder or solder burr on the welded spot must be rejected.		V	Rejected
6.7.5	Component pin exposure	For the DIP type components, 0.5~2mm component pin must be remained after cutting the soldered pin, and the solder surface should not be damaged nor should the component pin is fully covered with solder; otherwise rejected.		<b>V</b>	Reject
6.7.6	Poor Appearance	Caused by yellow-brown or black solder flux or resin or the white mist at the solder point caused by PCB cleaning.		V	reject

## 6.8 Heat Pressing (including H/S, FPC, etc.)

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Acceptance standard
6.8.1	H/S or FPC out of specification		V		Rejected
6.8.2	Dimensions /position	Dimensions of heat compression material should be within the specification of the drawing and the contact of conductive material should cover more than 1/2 of ITO, PDA, etc and the dimensions of dislocation shall be within the tolerance.		√	Acceptable
6.8.3	Foreign Matter in Heat pressure area	If foreign matter in conductive heat compression area shall not cause short, it is OK. If foreign matter in non-conductive heat compression area does not exceed 50% of the heat pressure area, it is OK.		V	Acceptable

6.8.4	Folds		 Refer to limited
			sample

## 6.9 Connectors and other components

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Accept standard
6.9.1	Out of Specification	The specification of connector and other components do not conform to the drawing.	√		Rejected
6.9.2	Position and order	Solder position and Pin# 1 should be in the positions specified by the drawing.		$\sqrt{}$	Rejected
6.9.3	Cosmetic	<ol> <li>Flux on PCB components and pins.</li> <li>The pin width of a PIN connector exceeds ½ of the specified pin width.</li> </ol>		<b>√</b>	Rejected

## 6.10 General Appearance

No.	Item	Description	MAJ	MIN	Accept standard
6.10.1	Connection material	<ol> <li>Damaged or contaminated FPC or H/S gold fingers or FFC contacts.</li> <li>Sharp folds on FPC, FFC, COF, H/S (unless designed for).</li> <li>Solder paste larger than 2/3 of pin width on the gold finger of FPC and PCB.</li> <li>Pierced or folded FPC/FFC exceeding limit sample.</li> </ol>		√	Rejected
6.10.2	Defective stiffener	Stiffener not fully covering H/S, FFC, or FPC and or not pasted on or glued on output pins.		V	Rejected
6.10.3	Surface dirt	Smears, residual glue, finger prints, etc. on the surface of finished LCMs; solder spatters or solder balls on non-soldered area of PCB/COB. Non-removed defect mark or label on LCMs.		<b>V</b>	Rejected
6.10.4	Assembly black spot	Smears or black spots found on LCMs after backlight or diffuser are assembled.		<b>√</b>	Refer to 6.3.1
6.10.5	Product mark	Missing, unclear, incorrect, or misplaced part numbers and/or batch marks.		√	Rejected
6.10.6	Inner packing	Packing being inconsistent with quantity and part number on packing label, specifications or the customer order - either short-packed or over-packed.		V	Rejected

#### 7. Reliability test

Test item	Condition	Time(hrs)	Acceptance standard
High Storage Temp.	80°C	120	
High Operating Temp.	70°C	120	
Low Storage Temp.	-30°C	120	F (' 1
Low Operating Temp.	-20°C	120	Functions and appearance are
Temp& Humidity Test	40°C/90%RH	120	qualified before and after test
	$-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leftarrow 25^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +70^{\circ}\text{C}$		
Thermal Shock	$(30 \min \leftarrow 5 \min \rightarrow 30 \min)$	10 cycles	

- Notes: ①Reliability tests shall be done as required by the customer if they inform AGT of their special requirements when starting a project.
  - ②Storage test at high-low temperature and functionality test shall be done with reference to the specified temperature range.
  - ③Test conditions shall be controlled at the permissible tolerance of  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C.

#### 8. Packing

- 8.1 Product packing shall be checked and qualified in accordance with design requirements for packing. The product packaging label shall bear not only product name, part number, quantity, product date code but also QA's qualifying stamp for each production stage. Incomplete or wrong label shall be unacceptable.
- 8.2 When there are problems with packing safety conformity such as shock resistance, moisture resistance, anti ESD and pressure resistance, packing shall be disqualified.
- 8.3 When confirmed and accepted by AGT, packing shall be inspected and released according to the customer's special requirements for packing.
- 8.4 RoHS and non-RoHS compliant products shall be labeled clearly and separately. Unless otherwise specified by the customer, "RoHS" labels shall be used for all RoHS compliant products.

#### 9. Others

9.1 Items not specified in this document or released on compromise should be inspected with reference to the mutual agreement and limit samples.